Content Standard 1.0: Students understand and apply movement concepts and principles to the learning and development of motor skills.

STRAND	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 12
	By the end of Grade 2,	By the end of Grade 3,	By the end of Grade	By the end of Grade	By the end of Grade
	students know and are	students know and are	5, students know and	8, students know and	12, students know and
	able to do everything	able to do everything	are able to do	are able to do	are able to do
	required in previous	required in previous	everything required	everything required	everything required in
	grades and:	grades and:	in previous grades	in previous grades	previous grades and:
			and:	and:	
Vocabulary	1.2.1 Understand the vocabulary of simple movement patterns.	1.3.1 Utilize a movement vocabulary for manipulative, locomotor, and non-locomotor movement activities.	1.5.1 Utilize vocabulary to differentiate between more complex gamelike strategies (i.e. offense, defense).	1.8.1 Describe a strategy for sport utilizing appropriate vocabulary.	1.12.1 Apply appropriate vocabulary to coordinate a class or school-wide activity (i.e. round robin tournament).
Concepts	1.2.2 Identify the basic elements (i.e. opposition) of movement forms	1.3.2A Apply basic elements to improve personal performance. 1.3.2B Apply the basic elements of a movement form in a dynamic environment.	1.5.2A Identify and apply the intermediate elements (i.e. force and accuracy) of movement forms. 1.5.2B Apply simple strategies to game like situations.	1.8.2 Describe and apply the advanced elements (i.e. speed) of movement forms and game strategies (i.e., softball game situation).	1.12.2 Integrate discipline-specific knowledge to new physical activities.
Performance Enhancement	1.2.3 Identify and respond to cues that enhance skill performance (i.e., when catching, "look, reach and give").	1.3.3 Identify simple cues in the performance of peers.	1.5.3 Identify the characteristics of highly skilled performance in a few movement forms.	1.8.3 Evaluate movement forms for skill improvement (i.e., checklists, rubrics).	1.12.3 Analyze personal performance and apply results for improvement (i.e. lower target heart rate).

Content Standard 1.0: Students understand and apply movement concepts and principles to the learning and development of motor skills.

STRAND	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 12
	By the end of Grade 2,	By the end of Grade 3,	By the end of Grade	By the end of Grade	By the end of Grade
	students know and are	students know and are	5, students know and	8, students know and	12, students know and
	able to do everything	able to do everything	are able to do	are able to do	are able to do
	required in previous	required in previous	everything required	everything required	everything required in
	grades and:	grades and:	in previous grades	in previous grades	previous grades and:
			and:	and:	
	1.2.4 Identify the	1.3.4 Know how to	1.5.4 Explain the	1.8.4 Recognize	1.12.4 Analyze and
Physiological	physiological signs of	monitor the	physiological factors	physiological	compare health and
Effects	moderate physical	physiological changes	(i.e. heredity)	benefits of exercise	fitness benefits
	activity (i.e. fast heart	occurring during	affecting individual	during and after	derived from various
	rate and perspiring).	moderate physical	differences in	physical activity.	physical activities.
		activity (i.e. heavy and	physical fitness		
		muscular breathing	levels.		
		fatigue).			

Definitions 1.0

Concept: A general idea or understanding.

Dynamic Environment: Apply a skill with more than one variable introduced (i.e. speed, opponents, combining two skills).

Force: The use of power or exertion.

Locomotor Movement: Locomotor skills are used to move the body from one place to another or to project the body upward, including walking, running, jumping, leaping, hopping, skipping, sliding, and galloping.

Manipulative Skills: Movement that occurs in conjunction with an object (i.e. dribbling a basketball).

Movement Form: All movement parts that define a skill (i.e. throwing, skipping, and catching).

Motor Skills: Utilization of the body's muscles to enact a movement form.

Nonlocomotor Movement: Movement that is organized around the axis of the body, including bending and stretching, pushing and pulling, raising and lowering, twisting and turning, shaking, bouncing, circling, swinging etc.

Opposition: Coordinated movement of arms and legs on the opposite sides of the body (i.e. in right-handed throwing, the forward step should be made with the left foot).

Content Standard 2.0: Students demonstrate competency in many movement forms and proficiency in a few movement forms.

STRAND	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 12
	By the end of	By the end of Grade	By the end of Grade	By the end of Grade 8,	By the end of Grade 12,
	Grade 2, students	3, students know and	5, students know and	students know and are	students know and are able
	know and are able	are able to do	are able to do	able to do everything	to do everything required in
	to do everything	everything required	everything required	required in previous	previous grades and:
	required in	in previous grades	in previous grades	grades and:	
	previous grades	and:	and:		
	and:				
	2.2.1	2.3.1 Demonstrate a	2.5.1 Utilize	2.8.1 Refine locomotor	
Locomotor and	Demonstrate a	mature form in most	locomotor and	and nonlocomotor	
Nonlocomotor	mature form in	locomotor and	nonlocomotor	movements in a sport	
Movement	skipping,	nonlocomotor	movements in	setting.	
	hopping,	movements.	physical activities.		
	galloping and				
	sliding in				
	isolation and in				
	combination.				
	2.2.2 Perform a	2.3.2A Combine	2.5.2 Execute a	2.8.2 Refine previously	2.12.2 Demonstrate
Manipulative	variety of basic	manipulative skills	combination of skills	learned manipulative	proficiency in at least three
Skills	level	in simple	in a new and	skills.	movement forms in two or
	manipulative	combinations (i.e.	dynamic	2.8.2b Demonstrate the	more sports.
	skills in isolation	Catch and throw,	environment.	elements of more	
	(i.e. bouncing &	dribbling while		advanced manipulative	
	catching).	running).		skills (i.e. overhand	
		2.3.2B Perform a		serve).	
		variety of			
		manipulative skills in an uncomplicated			
		yet changing			
		environment.			
		environnient.			

Content Standard 2.0: Students demonstrate competency in many movement forms and proficiency in a few movement forms.

STRAND	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 12
	By the end of Grade 2, students know and are able to do everything required in previous grades and:	By the end of Grade 3, students know and are able to do everything required in previous grades and:	By the end of Grade 5, students know and are able to do everything required in previous grades and:	By the end of Grade 8, students know and are able to do everything required in previous grades and:	By the end of Grade 12, students know and are able to do everything required in previous grades and:
Weight Transfer and Balance	2.2.3 Demonstrate a combination of 2 simple weight transfers and balance movements (i.e. one leg to another, feet to hands).	2.3.3 Sequence combinations of more complex weight transfer and balance movements (i.e. balance to a roll).	2.5.3 Create and perform sequence, alone or with a group, that combines weight transfer and balance movements.	2.8.3 Explain how scientific principles (i.e. force & speed) apply to weight transfer and balance movements.	2.12.3 Apply scientific principles to weight transfer and balance movements.

Definitions 2.0

Dynamic Environment: Apply a skill with more than one variable introduced (i.e. speed, opponents, combining two skills).

Locomotor Movement: Locomotor skills are used to move the body from one place to another or to project the body upward, including: walking, running, jumping, leaping, hopping, skipping, sliding, and galloping.

Mature: Demonstrates a movement that contains all the basic elements of that movement done in proper sequence and with proper timing,.

Manipulative Skills: Movement that occurs in conjunction with an object (i.e. dribbling a basketball).

Movement Form: All movement parts that define a skill (i.e. throwing, skipping, and catching).

Motor Skills: Utilization of the body's muscles to enact a movement form.

NonLocomotor Movement: Movement that is organized around the axis of the body, including: bending and stretching, pushing and pulling, raising and lowering, twisting and turning, shaking, bouncing, circling, and swinging.

Content Standard 3.0: Students demonstrate an understanding of dance through skills, techniques, choreography, and as a form of communication.

STRAND	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 12
	By the end of Grade 2,	By the end of Grade 3,	By the end of Grade 5,	By the end of Grade 8,	By the end of Grade 12,
	students know and are	students know and are	students know and are	students know and are	students know and are
	able to do everything	able to do everything	able to do everything	able to do everything	able to do everything
	required in previous	required in previous	required in previous	required in previous	required in previous
	grades and:	grades and:	grades and:	grades and:	grades and:
	3.2.1A Create shapes at	3.3.1A Create shapes	3.5.1A Create, within a	3.8.1A Identify and	3.12.1A Identify and
Elements of	high, medium, and low	at high, medium, and	group, movement	demonstrate basic	demonstrate complex
movement ₍₁₎	levels in a movement	low levels in a	sequences which clearly	dance steps, positions	combinations of steps
	sequence.	movement sequence	demonstrate the use of	and patterns from two	and patterns from
	3.2.1B Demonstrate	with a partner.	shapes, levels, and	different theatrical	different theatrical
	locomotor movements	3.3.1B Demonstrate	pathways.	styles and/or traditional	styles and/or traditional
	in varying directions	locomotor movements	3.5.1B Clearly	styles of dance.	styles of dance.
	(i.e. forward,	in varying directions	demonstrate a range of	3.8.1B Observe and	3.12.1B Observe and
	backward, sideways),	and pathways with a	qualities of movement	describe (i.e.	analyze the action and
	and pathways (i.e.	partner. 3.3.1C	(i.e. bound/free	breakdown/analyze	qualities of movement
	straight, curved).	Demonstrate qualities	percussive/sustained)	movements) the actions	in dances using
	3.2.1C Demonstrate	of movement with a	3.5.1C Observe and	and qualities of	appropriate dance
	qualities of movement	partner.	identify the action (i.e.	movement in a dance	vocabulary.
	(i.e. heavy/light,		skip, gallop) and	sequence using	
	strong/weak,		movement elements	appropriate dance	
	tight/loose).		(i.e. direction, level) of	vocabulary.	
			brief movement		
			sequences.		

	3.2.2A Create a	3.3.2A Create a	3.5.2A Create and	
Choreograph	movement sequence	movement sequence	perform an identifiable	
$\mathbf{y}_{(2)}$	with a beginning,	with a beginning,	beginning middle, and	
3 (2)	middle, and end with or	middle, and end with a	end of a movement	
	without a prop (i.e.	partner with or	sequence both with and	
	lummi sticks,	without a prop (i.e.	without rhythmic	
	streamers).	lummi sticks,	accompaniment.	
	3.2.2B Demonstrate	streamers).	3.5.2Bb Apply partner	
	relationship qualities	3.3.2B Demonstrate	skills while creating a	
	(i.e. near/far,	partner skills (i.e.	movement sequence.	
	over/under, next to)	copying, leading,	3.5.2C Create a	
		following, and/or	movement phrase,	
		mirroring).	accurately repeat it and	
			then vary it, making	
			changes in the time,	
			space, and/or qualities	
			of movement.	
			3.5.2D Recognize the	
			elements of movement	
			(i.e. shape, level, and	
			pathways) found in	
			dance, sports, and	
			everyday actions.	
	3.2.3 Discuss and	3.3.3A Express	3.5.3A Create a	
Communicati	demonstrate how	emotions through	movement sequence to	
$on_{(3)}$	movement in dance is	movement (i.e. happy,	express an	
	used to communicate.	sad, angry).	idea/concept.	
		3.3.3B Observe and	3.5.3B Discuss	
		discuss how dance	interpretations and	
		differs from and/or is	reactions to a	
		the same as sports and	movement sequence.	
		everyday actions.		

Rhythmic movement ₍₄₎	3.2.4A Perform various locomotor and nonlocomotor movements to a steady beat with or without a prop (i.e. lummi sticks, jump ropes, and streamers).	3.3.4A Perform various movements to a steady beat with or without a prop with a partner. 3.3.4B Move to a steady beat at various tempos.	3.5.4A Create and perform various movements to a steady beat with or without a prop (i.e. tinkling poles) within a group. 3.5.4B Move to a musical beat and respond to changes in tempo (i.e. use a hand drum, recorder, segments of music of various tempos).	3.8.4 Accurately transfer a rhythmic pattern from the aural, verbal and/or visual to the kinesthetic (i.e. perform simple rhythmic dance sequences).	3.12.4 Demonstrate rhythmic acuity.
Organized ₍₅₎ Dance	4.2.5 Perform simple folk and/or social (i.e. bunny hop, line dance, contemporary) dances.	3.3.5 Perform folk, and/or social dances from various cultures.	3.5.5a Perform more technically complex folk, and/or social, dances and identifying the cultural and historical contexts.	3.8.5 Perform traditional and/or theatrical style dances of different time periods or cultures and describe differences in steps and movement styles.	3.12.5 Perform traditional and/or theatrical style dances of different time periods or cultures and compare and contrast steps and movement styles.

Notes: For in-depth dance studies grades 3 –12 see:

- (1) Dance Content Standard 1.0: Students identify and demonstrate movement elements and skills in dance performance.
- (2) Dance Content Standard 2.0: Students understand choreographic principles and processes.
- (3) Dance Content Standard 3.0: Students use and recognize dance as a way to create and communicate meaning.
- (4) Dance Content Standard 1.0: Students identify and demonstrate movement elements and skills in dance performance (1.3.6, 1.5.6, 1.8.6, 1.12.6).
- (5) Dance Content Standard 5.0: Students perform dance from various cultures and historical periods.

Definitions -3.0

Movement sequence: A short series of movements.

Nonlocomotor Movement: Movement that is organized around the axis of the body. They include bending and stretching, pushing and pulling, raising and lowering, twisting and turning, shaking, bouncing, circling, and other such skills.

Qualities of Movement: The energy or force applied to movement (i.e. strong/weak, percussive/sustained).

Theatrical styles include ballet, jazz, modern, musical theater, tap, etc.

Traditional styles include classical (court dances), ethnic, folk, social (ballroom to contemporary), etc.

Content Standard 4.0: Students achieve and maintain a health-enhancing level of individual fitness for an active lifestyle.

STRAND	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 12
	By the end of Grade 2, students know and are able to do everything required in previous grades and:	By the end of Grade 3, students know and are able to do everything required in previous grades and:	By the end of Grade 5, students know and are able to do everything required in previous grades and:	By the end of Grade 8, students know and are able to do everything required in previous grades and:	By the end of Grade 12, students know and are able to do everything required in previous grades and:
Assessment	4.2.1 Identify health- related fitness components addressed in selected exercises.	4.3.1 Describe implications of the results of formal health-related fitness assessment.	4.5.1 Create personal goals related to fitness assessment.	4.8.1 Design a personal health-related fitness program based on an accurately assessed fitness profile.	4.12.1 Refine health-related fitness goals as defined by a formal guideline.
Cardio Respiratory Exercise	4.2.2 Engage in daily moderate to vigorous structured physical activity.	4.3.2 Sustain moderate to vigorous physical activity for longer periods of time to improve physical fitness.	4.5.2 Maintain a continuous aerobic activity (at a target heart rate) for a specified time.	4.8.2 Understand and apply principles of training/ conditioning (i.e. threshold, overload and specificity) to regular fitness activities.	4.12.2 Independently engage in physical activity that addresses fitness and wellness throughout life.

Content Standard 4.0: Students achieve and maintain a health-enhancing level of individual fitness for an active lifestyle.

STRAND	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 12
	By the end of Grade	By the end of Grade 3,	By the end of Grade	By the end of Grade 8,	By the end of
	2, students know and	students know and are	5, students know and	students know and are	Grade 12,
	are able to do	able to do everything	are able to do	able to do everything	students know
	everything required	required in previous	everything required	required in previous	and are able to do
	in previous grades	grades and:	in previous grades	grades and:	everything
	and:		and:		required in
					previous grades
					and:
Health-related Components	4.2.3 Identify health-related fitness components (i.e. muscular strength, muscular endurance, flexibility, cardiorespiratory and body composition).	4.3.3 Engage in activity that results in the development of health-related components.	4.5.3 Identify the health-related components of fitness in various activities.	4.8.3. Identify and/or participate in a variety of health-related fitness activities in both school and community.	4.12.3 Analyze a personal healthy lifestyle independent of teacher intervention.
Safety	4.2.4 Perform various structured exercises in a safe manner.	4.3.4 Identify proper warm-up, conditioning, and cool-down techniques and the	4.5.4 Utilize proper warm-up, conditioning, and cool-down	4.8.4 Compare safe and unsafe exercises and demonstrate safe exercise alternatives.	4.12.4 Evaluate physical activity for injury potential.
		reason for using them.	techniques.		

Definitions -4.0

Aerobic: An individual's ability to use oxygen for an extended period of time.

Body Composition: Proportion of body fat to lean body mass.

Cardiorespiratory: Involves the ability of the heart and lungs to supply oxygen to the working muscles for an extended period of time.

Flexibility: The ability to move muscles and joints through a range of motion.

Muscular Endurance: The ability of muscles to sustain repeated productions of force at low to moderate intensity over an extended period of time.

Muscular Strength: The ability of muscles to produce force at high intensity over a short period of time.

Overload: The amount of exercise that is needed to improve fitness levels.

Physiological: The body's physical functions (i.e. breathing, sweating, and heart rate).

Wellness: The balance among the interdependent components (i.e. physical, social, and emotional) that contribute to a person's well-being.

Content Standard 5.0: Students demonstrate personal responsibility, positive social interaction, and respect for diversity in physical activity settings.

STRAND	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 12
	By the end of Grade	By the end of Grade 3,	By the end of Grade 5,	By the end of Grade 8,	By the end of Grade
	2, students know and	students know and are	students know and are	students know and are	12, students know
	are able to do	able to do everything	able to do everything	able to do everything	and are able to do
	everything required	required in previous	required in previous	required in previous	everything required
	in previous grades	grades and:	grades and:	grades and:	in previous grades
	and:				and:
	5.2.1 Apply class	5.3.1 Apply class rules,	5.5.1 Make proper	5.8.1 Analyze potential	5.12.1 Anticipate
Self	rules, procedures and	procedures, safe	decisions about	consequences when	and avoid potentially
Responsibility	safe practices with	practices, and etiquette	applying rules,	confronted with a	dangerous outcomes
	teacher	with limited or no	procedures, and	behavior choice.	and consequences
	reinforcement.	teacher reinforcement.	etiquette.		during participation
					in physical activity.
	5.2.2 Engage in	5.3.2 Identify positive	5.5.2 Demonstrate	5.8.2 Work	5.12.2 Accept
Social	physical activity	responses to challenges,	positive responses to	cooperatively within a	leadership
Interaction	involving cooperation	successes and failures in	challenges, successes	group to achieve goals	responsibility in a
	and sharing to	physical activity (i.e.	and failures in	in cooperative or	group setting.
	complete assigned	sportsmanship).	physical activity.	competitive situations.	
	task.				
	5.2.3 Demonstrate	5.3.3 Understand and	5.5.3 Manage conflict	5.8.3 Demonstrate	5.12.3 Evaluate the
Diversity	components of	accept purpose for	positively and	behavior which is	role of physical
	respect during	modifying activities	demonstrate teamwork	supportive and inclusive	activity in a diverse
	activities regardless	with regard to diversity	and sportsmanship	in physical activity	society (i.e. skill
	of personal	and physical ability.	while interacting with	settings.	level, gender, race
	differences (i.e. skill		others regardless of		and disability).
	level, gender, race		differences.		
	and disability).				

Content Standard 5.0: Students demonstrate personal responsibility, positive social interaction, and respect for diversity in physical activity settings.

STRAND	Grade 2	Grade 3	Grade 5	Grade 8	Grade 12
	By the end of Grade	By the end of Grade 3,	By the end of Grade 5,	By the end of Grade 8,	By the end of Grade
	2, students know and	students know and are	students know and are	students know and are	12, students know
	are able to do	able to do everything	able to do everything	able to do everything	and are able to do
	everything required	required in previous	required in previous	required in previous	everything required
	in previous grades	grades and:	grades and:	grades and:	in previous grades
	and:				and:
Multi-Cultural	5.2.4 Participate in	5.3.4 Understand the	5.5.4 Identify	5.8.4 Demonstrate a	
Appreciation	multi-cultural	connection between a	similarities and	multicultural physical	
and Tolerance	activities (dance,	dance, game or sport	differences in games,	activity to others (i.e.	
	games, and	and the culture in which	sports and dance from	dance, games, and	
	activities).	it originates.	other cultures.	sports).	

Definitions -5.0

Diversity: Quality of being different.

Elements: Basic part of a movement.

Etiquette: Established rules of conduct specific to particular games, sports, or activities (i.e., during a volleyball game, the ball is returned by rolling it under the net).

Respect: Willingness to show consideration or appreciation for one another (i.e. listening to others, not using putdowns).